

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 1 and 11 as indicated.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of inflating and deflating a catheter having an expandable membrane, the method comprising the steps of:  
  
controllably inflating the expandable membrane to a at least target pressure;  
  
ablating a desired tissue region, wherein the pressure in the expandable membrane during ablation exceeds the target pressure, and is between approximately 3 to 20 psi while maintaining the target pressure of the expandable membrane; and  
  
controllably deflating the expandable membrane.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising keeping the expandable membrane inflated until a region proximate the expandable membrane reaches a predetermined temperature range.
3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of controllably inflating the expandable membrane to a target pressure is performed by inflation/deflation control means located within a first console.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the inflation/deflation control means is a Proportional Integral Derivative controller.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the inflation/deflation control means further includes a pressure switch that controls an on/off valve.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein, if the target pressure is not reached, further comprising the step of re-inflating the expandable membrane in order to reach the target pressure.

7. (Cancelled)

8. (Cancelled)

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of ablating the desired tissue region is part of a cryoablation process.

10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of ablating the desired tissue region is part of a radio frequency ablation process.

11. (Currently Amended) A method for inflating and deflating a catheter having an expandable membrane, the catheter being part of a catheter system including a first console, a catheter, and an umbilical system coupling the first console to the catheter, the method comprising the steps of:

evacuating air from the expandable membrane by creating a vacuum in the expandable membrane;

controllably inflating the expandable membrane proximate a desired tissue region, the expandable membrane being inflated to a target pressure in order to provide sufficient mechanical force against the desired tissue region;

ablating the desired tissue region, wherein the pressure in the expandable membrane during ablation exceeds the target pressure, and is between approximately 3 to 20 psi while maintaining the expandable membrane at the target pressure; and

controllably deflating the expandable membrane.

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32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of controllably deflating the expandable membrane includes preventing deflation until a temperature in the balloon is higher than a predetermined temperature.

33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of controllably deflating the expandable membrane includes reducing adhesion between the expandable membrane and the desired tissue region.

34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, wherein reducing adhesion includes preventing deflation until a temperature in the balloon is higher than a predetermined temperature.

35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the inflation/deflation control means is a proportional valve for controlling the delivery of fluid in order to reach and maintain a predetermined pressure in the balloon.

36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the inflation/deflation control means is a fixed volume reservoir coupled to a shutoff valve located within the first console.